

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP7263A

Specification

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E **Primary Accession** P07550 Other Accession NP 000015 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Antigen Region 1-30

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 154

Other Names

Beta-2 adrenergic receptor, Beta-2 adrenoreceptor, Beta-2 adrenoceptor, ADRB2, ADRB2R, B2AR

Target/Specificity

This beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2).

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name ADRB2

Synonyms ADRB2R, B2AR



Function Beta-adrenergic receptors mediate the catecholamine-induced activation of adenylate cyclase through the action of G proteins. The beta-2-adrenergic receptor binds epinephrine with an approximately 30- fold greater affinity than it does norepinephrine.

Cellular Location

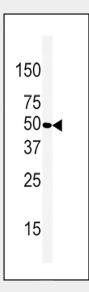
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Early endosome. Golgi apparatus. Note=Colocalizes with VHL at the cell membrane (PubMed:19584355). Activated receptors are internalized into endosomes prior to their degradation in lysosomes (PubMed:20559325) Activated receptors are also detected within the Golgi apparatus (PubMed:27481942).

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-BAR2 Antibody (N-term)(Cat. #AP7263a) in HL60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). BAR2(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Background

This gene encodes beta-2-adrenergic receptor which is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. This receptor is directly associated with one of its ultimate effectors, the class C L-type calcium channel Ca(V)1.2. This receptor-channel complex also contains a G protein, an adenylyl cyclase, cAMP-dependent kinase, and the counterbalancing phosphatase, PP2A. The assembly of the signaling complex provides a mechanism that ensures specific and rapid signaling by this G protein-coupled receptor. This gene is intronless. Different polymorphic forms, point mutations, and/or downregulation of this gene are associated with nocturnal asthma, obesity and



type 2 diabetes.

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - References

Wolfarth, B., Metab. Clin. Exp. 56 (12), 1649-1651 (2007) Cherezov, V., Science 318 (5854), 1258-1265 (2007)

beta 2 Adrenergic Receptor (BAR2) Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- Enhanced Humoral Immunity in Mice Lacking CB1 and CB2 Receptors (Cnr1 -/- /Cnr2 -/-Mice) is not Due to Increased Splenic Noradrenergic Neuronal Activity.
- Matrix metalloproteinases cleave the beta2-adrenergic receptor in spontaneously hypertensive rats.