

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody

Peptide Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP3376a

Specification

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - Product Information

Application	DB,E
Primary Accession	P00533
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB10980

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1956

Other Names

Epidermal growth factor receptor,
Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1, Receptor
tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1, EGFR, ERBB,
ERBB1, HER1

Target/Specificity

This EGFR Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding Y1125 of human EGFR.

Dilution

DB~1:500

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

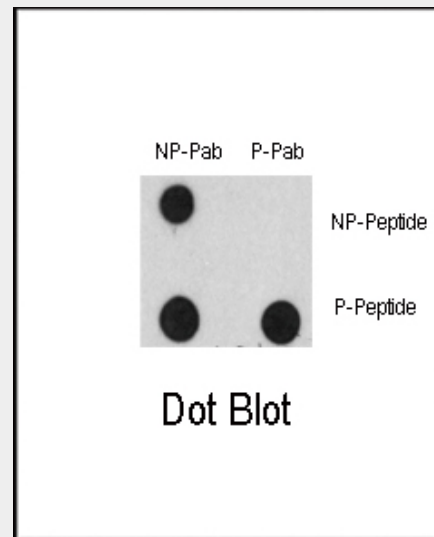
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - Protein Information

Name EGFR



Dot blot analysis of Phospho-EGFR-Y1125 Antibody (Cat. #AP3376a) and EGFR Non Phospho-specific Pab on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - Background

EGFR is a transmembrane glycoprotein that is a member of a family of protein tyrosine kinases crucial in maintaining a normal balance in cell growth and development. A prototype member of the type 1 receptor tyrosine kinases, EGFR is encoded by the cellular oncogene *cerbB1*. EGFR has an extracellular ligand binding domain, a single transmembrane region, and cytoplasmic domain which is composed of a tyrosine kinase domain and a carboxy terminal domain. The carboxy terminal domain contains at least four tyrosine autophosphorylation sites. Increased production or activation of EGFR has been associated with poor prognosis in a variety of tumors. EGFR overexpression is observed in tumors of the head and neck, brain, bladder, stomach, breast, lung, endometrium, cervix, vulva, ovary, esophagus, stomach and in squamous cell carcinoma.

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - References

Synonyms ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed: 2790960, PubMed: 10805725, PubMed: 27153536). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF-alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF (PubMed: 2790960, PubMed: 7679104, PubMed: 8144591, PubMed: 9419975, PubMed: 15611079, PubMed: 12297049, PubMed: 27153536, PubMed: 20837704). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS- RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed: 27153536). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed: 11116146). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed: 11602604). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed: 11483589). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity).

Aifa, S., et al., *Exp. Cell Res.* 302(1):108-114 (2005). Adams, T.E., et al., *Growth Factors* 22(2):89-95 (2004). Ichinose, J., et al., *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 324(3):1143-1149 (2004). Kuribayashi, A., et al., *Endocrinology* 145(11):4976-4984 (2004). Kapoor, G.S., et al., *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 24(2):823-836 (2004).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:20674546). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:2790960, PubMed:17182860, PubMed:27153536). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Phospho-EGFR(Y1125) Antibody - Citations

- [Nanoformulated paclitaxel and AZD9291 synergistically eradicate non-small-cell lung cancers in vivo.](#)
- [Identification of mutant K-Ras-dependent phenotypes using a panel of isogenic cell lines.](#)