

Beclin 1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP1818b

Specification

Beclin 1 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession <u>Q14457</u>

Other Accession Q91XJ1, Q4A1L5, 088597, Q4A1L4

Reactivity Human, Mouse Predicted Bovine, Pig, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG

Antigen Region 210-239

Beclin 1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8678

Other Names

Beclin-1, Coiled-coil myosin-like BCL2-interacting protein, Protein GT197, BECN1, GT197

Target/Specificity

This Beclin 1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 210-239 amino acids from human Beclin 1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Beclin 1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Beclin 1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name BECN1

Synonyms GT197



Function Plays a central role in autophagy (PubMed:<u>18570871</u>, PubMed:<u>21358617</u>, PubMed:<u>23184933</u>, PubMed:<u>23974797</u>, PubMed:<u>28445460</u>, PubMed:<u>25484083</u>, PubMed:<u>37776275</u>). Acts as a core subunit of the PI3K complex that mediates formation of phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate; different complex forms are believed to play a role in multiple membrane trafficking pathways: PI3KC3-C1 is involved in initiation of autophagosomes and PI3KC3-C2 in maturation of autophagosomes and endocytosis. Involved in regulation of degradative endocytic trafficking and required for the abcission step in cytokinesis, probably in the context of PI3KC3-C2 (PubMed:<u>20643123</u>, PubMed:<u>20208530</u>, PubMed:<u>23974797</u>, PubMed:<u>26783301</u>). Essential for the formation of PI3KC3-C2 but not PI3KC3-C1 PI3K complex forms. Involved in endocytosis (PubMed:<u>25275521</u>). Protects against infection by a neurovirulent strain of Sindbis virus (PubMed:<u>9765397</u>). May play a role in antiviral host defense.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:088597} Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome. Note=Interaction with ATG14 promotes translocation to autophagosomes. Expressed in dendrites and cell bodies of cerebellar Purkinje cells (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:088597, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19050071} [Beclin-1-C 37 kDa]: Mitochondrion {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:088597}

Tissue Location Ubiquitous.

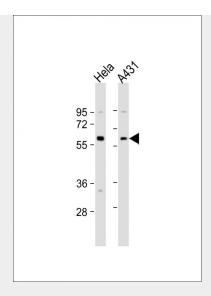
Beclin 1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

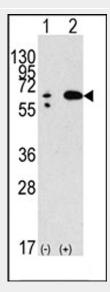
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Beclin 1 Antibody - Images



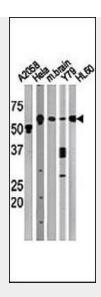


All lanes : Anti-Beclin-1 Antibody (E225) at 1:4000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: A431 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 52 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

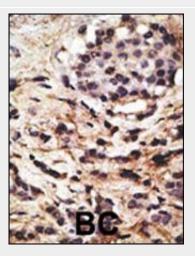


Western blot analysis of anti-hBECN1-E225 Pab (Cat. #AP1818b) in 293 cell line lysates transiently transfected with the BECN1 gene (2ug/lane). hBECN1-E225(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

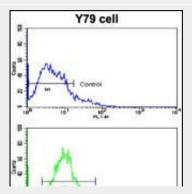




The anti-BECN1 Pab (Cat. #AP1818b) is used in Western blot to detect BECN1 in, from left to right, A2058, Hela, mouse brain, Y79, and HL60 tissue lysates. BECN1(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.



Flow cytometric analysis of Y79 cells using Beclin 1 (BECN1/APG6) Antibody (E225) (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Beclin 1 Antibody - Background



Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole).

Beclin 1 plays a role in two fundamentally important cell biological pathways: autophagy and apoptosis. Beclin 1 is thought to function as a VPS and autophagy protein as part of a complex with Class III PI3 kinase, Vps34.

Beclin 1 Antibody - References

Baehrecke EH. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 6(6):505-10. (2005) Lum JJ, et al. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 6(6):439-48. (2005) Greenberg JT. Dev Cell. 8(6):799-801. (2005) Levine B. Cell. 120(2):159-62. (2005) Shintani T and Klionsky DJ. Science. 306(5698):990-5. (2004) Liang, X.H., et al. J. Virol. 72 (11), 8586-8596 (1998) Aita V.M., et al. Genomics 59:59-65(1999).

Beclin 1 Antibody - Citations

- Deficient tRNA posttranscription modification dysregulated the mitochondrial quality controls and apoptosis
- Enhanced autophagy promotes the clearance of in diabetic rats with wounds
- Isokotomolide A from Cinnamomum kotoense Induce Melanoma Autophagy and Apoptosis
- Helicobacter pylori cholesterol glucosylation modulates autophagy for increasing intracellular survival in macrophages.
- Inhibition of excessive autophagy and mitophagy mediates neuroprotective effects of URB597 against chronic cerebral hypoperfusion.
- Autophagy Constitutes a Protective Mechanism against Ethanol Toxicity in Mouse Astrocytes and Neurons.
- IKKβ/NFκBp65 activated by interleukin-13 targets the autophagy-related genes LC3B and beclin 1 in fibroblasts co-cultured with breast cancer cells.
- Lipoxin A4 methyl ester alleviates vascular cognition impairment by regulating the expression of proteins related to autophagy and ER stress in the rat hippocampus.
- <u>Down-regulation of autophagy-related protein 5 (ATG5) contributes to the pathogenesis of early-stage cutaneous melanoma.</u>
- <u>Curcumin-loaded γ-cyclodextrin liposomal nanoparticles as delivery vehicles for osteosarcoma.</u>
- A non-canonical MEK/ERK signaling pathway regulates autophagy via regulating Beclin 1.